IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS AUSTIN DIVISION

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ORIGINAL ANSWER OF DEFENDANT TRAVIS COUNTY TO PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL COMPLAINT, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES AND JURY DEMAND

Comes now Defendant Travis County hereafter "Travis County" and files this, its Original Answer to Plaintiff's Original Complaint, Affirmative Defenses and Jury Demand. In support thereof, Travis County respectfully shows the following:

ANSWER

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(b), Travis County denies each and every allegation contained in Plaintiff's Original Complaint except those expressly admitted herein. The following specific admissions and denials are made to the corresponding paragraphs of Plaintiff's Original Complaint: [See, **Dkt 1**].

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I. Response to Introduction.

Travis County admits that both government and nongovernment employees were

present on the night of February 4, 2013 and had some interaction with Plaintiff Caroline

Callaway, (hereafter Callaway or Plaintiff) but Travis County denies the following: that any

assault and battery occurred against Callaway; that Callaway's civil rights were violated;

that any state or federal law applicable to Callaway was violated.

II. Travis County's Responses to numbered assertions and allegations in

Complaint.

Jurisdiction and Venue

1. Admit jurisdiction and venue is correctly stated but deny that Callaway

suffered actionable harm.

2. Admit at the time of the allegations in this lawsuit, Callaway was a resident

of Travis County.

3. Admit.

4. Admit.

5. Travis County admits that Patrick Oborski and Adam Johnson were police

officers for the City of Austin at the time of the events giving rise to this lawsuit. Travis

County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the

remainder of the allegation and thereby denies the remainder of the allegation.

6. Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief

about the truth of the allegation and thereby denies the allegations.

7. Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief

about the truth of the allegation and thereby denies the allegations.

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8. Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief

about the truth of the allegation and thereby denies the allegations.

9. Travis County admits that it was acting under color of state law but denies

that any of its actions vis-a-vis Callaway violated state or federal law. As to other

Defendants, Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about

the truth of the allegation and thereby denies the allegations.

Response to Pre-Suit Requirements

10. Travis County denies that Callaway satisfied pre suit requirements under the

Texas Tort Claims Act vis-à-vis Travis County. Travis County lacks knowledge or

information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegation and thereby denies

the allegation as to other defendants.

11. Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief

about the truth of the allegation and thereby denies the allegation as to other defendants.

Travis County denies that it is a medical provider covered by CPRC Section 74.051 under

the facts asserted in Callaway's Original Complaint.

Travis County's Response to Statement of Facts

12. Travis County admits that Ms. Callaway was arrested by APD Officer

Patrick Oborski on February 4, 2013 and was booked on charges of DWI, Possession of

Marijuana and Resisting Arrest and admits that Ms. Callaway refused to undergo a breath

test related to her DWI. As for the remainder of paragraph 12, Travis County lacks

knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations and

thereby denies the allegations.

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13. Travis County admits that APD Officer Oborksi advised Ms. Callaway that a

blood draw warrant had been obtained. Travis County admits that Ms. Callaway's blood

was drawn pursuant to that warrant on February 4, 2013 because she had refused to submit

to a breathalyzer test. Travis County admits that Ms. Callaway was placed in a restraint

chair because she would not cooperate with blood draw procedures. Travis County admits

that a Protouch employee drew Ms. Callaway's blood. Travis County admits that blood got

on to one of the officers. Travis County denies that Ms. Callaway was suspected of

committing a misdemeanor, but instead three misdemeanors. Travis County denies the

remainder of the allegations in this paragraph because it lacks knowledge or information

sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations.

14. Travis County admits that APD Officer Oborski and APD Sergeant Adam

Johnson were present during the blood draw. Travis County admits TCSO employees were

present when Callaway resisted having her blood drawn pursuant to a court order.

15. Travis County denies paragraph 15 in its entirety.

16. Travis County denies paragraph 16 in its entirety.

17. Travis County Denies paragraph 17 in its entirety.

Response to Plaintiff's Theories of Liability

18. Travis County admits that citizens have a right to be free from unlawful

search and seizure under the Fourth Amendment, but denies that Callaway's Fourth

Amendment rights were violated on the night of the events in question and denies the

remainder of the paragraph 18.

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19. Travis County admits that citizens have a right to be free from excessive

force, but denies that Caroline Callaway was subjected to excessive force and denies the

remainder of the paragraph.

20. Travis County denies paragraph 20 in its entirety.

21. Travis County denies paragraph 21 in its entirety.

22. Travis County admits that its employees acted properly - pursuant to training

and supervision - and admits that it provided appropriate training and supervision for its

employees, but denies that its employees' actions - or supervision or training of those

employees - led to any violation of Callaway's civil rights. Travis County lacks knowledge

or information sufficient to admit or deny this paragraph with respect to the City of Austin,

and thereby, denies this paragraph.

Response to Alleged Failure to Establish Policy

23. Travis County admits paragraph 23 as to the Sheriff and denies as to others

in the chain of command as alleged by Callaway in the same paragraph. With respect to

APD, Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the

truth of the allegation and thereby denies the allegation.

24. Travis County denies paragraph 24. As to APD, Travis County lacks

knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegation and

thereby denies the allegation.

25. Travis County denies paragraph 25. As to APD, Travis County lacks

knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegation and

thereby denies the allegation.

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26. Travis County denies paragraph 26. As to APD, Travis County lacks

knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations and

thereby denies the allegations.

Response to Alleged Failure to Train / Failure to Supervise

27. Travis County denies paragraph 27. With respect to APD, Travis County

lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations

and thereby denies the allegations.

28. Travis County denies that its employees engaged in any wrongdoing that

would lead to reprimand for violation of Callaway's civil rights as alleged in paragraph 28.

As to APD, Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about

the truth of the allegation and thereby denies the allegation.

29. Travis County denies paragraph 29. As to APD, Travis County lacks

knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations and

thereby denies the allegations.

30. Travis County denies paragraph 30. As to APD, Travis County lacks

knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations and

thereby denies the allegations.

31. Travis County denies paragraph 31. As to APD, Travis County lacks

knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations and

thereby denies the allegations.

32. Travis County admits that all citizens' civil rights are protected by the Fourth

and the Fourteenth Amendment, but Travis County denies that its actions violated

Callaway's rights under Fourth or Fourteenth Amendment or any state or federal law.

Travis County denies any conspiracy. As to APD, Travis County lacks knowledge or

information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations and thereby denies

the allegations.

33. Travis County admits that its personnel were acting under color of state law,

but denies the remainder of paragraph 33.

Response to Damages

34. Travis County denies that Caroline Callaway is entitled to damages under

the facts of this case. Travis County lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a

belief about the truth of the allegations pertaining to alleged injuries and causation and

thereby denies the remainder of paragraph 34.

Response to Punitive Damages

35. Travis County denies that punitive damages are recoverable against it and

even if such damages were available to Callaway under law, Travis County denies that such

would be available to Callaway under the facts of this case.

Response to State Law Claims

36. Travis County denies that Callaway has asserted facts that would subject it to

liability under the limited waiver of governmental immunity as set forth in the Texas Tort

Claims act and case law interpreting that statute.

37. Travis County incorporates its responses to paragraphs 1 to 31, 34 and 35 of

the complaint.

Travis County denies Assault and Battery

38. Travis County denies paragraph 38 in its entirety.

39. Travis County denies paragraph 39 in its entirety.

Travis County Denies Negligence

40. Travis County denies that it drew Plaintiff's blood and denies that its actions, if any, in connection with paragraph 40 were negligent.

Travis County Denies Medical Malpractice

- **41.** Travis County denies that the allegations in paragraph 41 are applicable to it and denies that its actions, if any, in connection with paragraph 41 were negligent.
 - **42.** Travis County denies paragraph 42 in its entirety.

III. Response to Relief

Travis County denies that Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against it.

- 1. Travis County denies that Plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages.
- 2. Travis County is not subject to punitive damages, and even if it were, Plaintiff would not be entitled to such under the facts of this case.
- 3. Travis County denies that Plaintiff is subject to pre and post judgment interest.
- 4. Travis County denies that Plaintiff is entitled costs, expenses and attorney fees, but admits, in the alternative, that if such fees are awarded they must be reasonable in nature.
- 5. Travis County denies that Plaintiff is justly entitled to any relief at law or in equity.

IV. Affirmative Defenses

1. *Monell v. Department of Social Service.* Travis County is liable as a "person" under §1983 only when a County "policy or custom" is shown to be the direct cause of a constitutional violation. Plaintiff cannot meet this burden.

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2. *Heck v. Humphrey*. Travis County asserts that Callaway's constitutional claims are, or will be, barred under *Heck v. Humphrey*, 512 U.S. 477, 484-89 (1994) because such claims are, or will be, a collateral attack on the validity of the criminal

judgment pertaining to resisting arrest.

- 3. **Governmental Immunity**. Travis County asserts the affirmative defense of governmental immunity and asserts that Plaintiff's claims against it do not meet the limited waiver set forth in the Texas Tort Claim Act. See Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code Sec. 101.001, *et seq*.
- 4. **Failure to State a Claim under** § **1983**. Travis County admits that causes of action may be stated against it under certain circumstances pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1983, but deny that such circumstances are present in this case.
- 5. **No Deprivation of Plaintiff's Rights.** Travis County asserts that it did not deprive Plaintiff of any right, privilege or immunity granted or secured by the Constitution and/or laws of the United States.
- 6. **No Respondeat Superior.** Travis County asserts that any claim premised upon the doctrine of *respondeat superior* will not support a claim of a constitutional dimension under 42 U.S.C. §1983.
- 7. **No Liability due to Comparative Fault**. Travis County asserts that it is not liable due to the comparative fault of a third party.
- 8. **No Punitive Damages**. Travis County asserts that it cannot be held liable for punitive or exemplary damages under 42 USCA § 1983.
- 9. **Negligence will not Support Civil Rights Claim.** Travis County asserts that a claim of negligence will not support a § 1983 claim.

10. **Caps on Damages**. Travis County asserts the caps on damages set forth in the Texas Tort Claims Act, and other applicable statutes as well as its immunity from punitive or exemplary damages.

11. **Right to Raise Additional Defenses**. Travis County reserves the right to raise additional defenses that may become apparent throughout the factual development of this case.

V. Jury Demand

Should trial be necessary in the foregoing cause of action, Travis County respectfully requests a trial by jury.

VI. Prayer

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Travis County prays that Plaintiff take nothing by way of this suit, that Plaintiff's suit be dismissed with prejudice, and that Travis County recover all court costs, as well as such other and further relief to which it may be so justly entitled at law or in equity.

Respectfully submitted,

DAVID A. ESCAMILLA TRAVIS COUNTY ATTORNEY

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ATTORNEYS FOR TRAVIS COUNTY DEFENDANTS

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 4th day of March, 2015, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following:

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